

**IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE
EASTERN DISTRICT OF OKLAHOMA**

(1) Gilbert Blevins, Jr., and
(2) Krista Kim Hunter Glenn, on behalf of
themselves and all others similarly situated,

Plaintiffs,

v.

(1) Continental Resources, Inc.

Defendant.

Case No. 22-CV-160-RAW-DES

JURY TRIAL DEMANDED

PLAINTIFFS' FIRST AMENDED CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT

Plaintiffs Gilbert Blevins, Jr. and Krista Kim Hunter Glenn (collectively, "Plaintiffs"), on behalf of themselves and all others similarly situated, bring this Class Action Complaint against Continental Resources, Inc. ("Continental" or "Defendant"), and allege and state the following.

SUMMARY OF ACTION

1. This class action concerns Defendant's willful and ongoing violations of Oklahoma law related to the payment of oil-and-gas production proceeds to owners.

2. Oklahoma's Production Revenue Standards Act ("PRSA") requires holders of proceeds, like Defendant here, to pay interest on "proceeds from the sale of oil or gas production or some portion of such proceeds [that] are not paid prior to the end of the applicable time periods provided" by statute. 52 O.S. § 570.10(D).

3. The PRSA imposes automatic interest on late payments. Compliance with the PRSA is not optional, and the statute contains no demand requirement before an owner is entitled to statutory interest.

4. Defendant knows it is bound by statute to pay interest on late payments, but it has consistently ignored these obligations and blatantly violated Oklahoma law.

5. Defendant does not automatically pay interest on all late payments. Instead, upon information and belief, it only pays interest to owners who demand it.

6. For these reasons, Plaintiffs file this class action against Defendant to obtain relief for themselves and all similarly situated owners who received late payments for which Defendant did not pay interest as required by the PRSA.

7. Plaintiffs file this class action against Defendant for breach of its statutory obligation to pay interest.

PARTIES

8. Gilbert Blevins, Jr. is a resident of Healdton, Oklahoma.

9. Gilbert Blevins, Jr. owns a royalty interest in, *inter alia*, oil and gas produced from the Shively 1-21-16XH well in Carter County, Oklahoma.

10. Krista Kim Hunter Glenn owns royalty interests in oil and gas produced from the Seaport 1-14-23XHW, Ringer Ranch 1-20-17XHM, and Park Place 1-21-16MXH oil-and-gas wells located in Carter and Stephens Counties.

11. Continental is an Oklahoma corporation with its principal place of business located in Oklahoma City, Oklahoma. Continental may be served with process by serving its registered agent: The Corporation Company, 1833 S. Morgan Road, Oklahoma City, Oklahoma 73128.

12. Continental is in the business of producing oil-and-gas and constituent products from the oil-and-gas properties in which the Class Members hold interests and Continental further remits proceeds to Class Members.

13. Continental operates the wells in which Plaintiffs own royalty interests.

14. Continental remits oil-and-gas proceeds to Plaintiffs for production from these wells.

15. At all times relevant to the claims asserted in this Class Action Complaint, Continental was obligated to pay oil-and-gas proceeds to Plaintiffs and the putative class.

JURISDICTION & VENUE

16. The preceding allegations are fully incorporated by reference.

17. This Court has original jurisdiction over the claims asserted in this complaint pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1332(d) because this is a class action in which the amount in controversy exceeds the sum of \$5,000,000, and because members of the class and Defendant are citizens of different states.

18. This Court has personal jurisdiction over Continental because it has minimum contacts with this District related to the claims in this case.

19. Venue is proper in this District pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1391(b)(2) because a substantial part of the events or omissions giving rise to this claim occurred in, or a substantial part of property that is the subject of this action is situated in, this District.

FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS

20. The preceding allegations are fully incorporated by reference.

21. The PRSA requires that “[p]roceeds from the sale of oil or gas production from an oil or gas well shall be paid to persons legally entitled thereto . . . commencing not later than six (6) months after the date of first sale, and . . . thereafter not later than the last day of the second succeeding month after the end of the month within which such production is sold.” 52 O.S. § 570.10(B)(1)(a)–(b).

22. When a holder of proceeds fails to pay oil-and-gas proceeds within those timelines (*i.e.*, when the holder makes a late payment), the holder automatically owes interest on the late payment. *See id.* § 570.10(D)(1)–(2).

23. Despite this clear statutory obligation, Defendant does not automatically pay interest on all late payments. Instead, upon information and belief, Defendant only pays statutory interest to owners who demand it, even though the statute contains no such demand requirement.

24. The PRSA further provides that “[p]roceeds from production may be remitted to the persons entitled to such proceeds annually for the twelve (12) months accumulation of proceeds totaling at least Ten Dollars (\$10.00) but less than One Hundred Dollars (\$100.00)” 52 O.S. § 570.10(B)(3)(a). But “[b]efore proceeds greater than Twenty-five Dollars (\$25.00) may be accumulated, payor shall provide notice to the person owning interest as defined in Section 570.2 of this title, entitled to such proceeds that there is an option to be paid monthly for proceeds greater than Twenty-five Dollars (\$25.00).” *Id.* § 570.10(B)(3)(c). “Such notice to the person shall also provide directions for requesting monthly payment” *Id.*

25. Defendant never provided Plaintiffs the notice required by 52 O.S. § 570.10(B)(3)(c).

26. On information and belief, Defendant fails to provide the notice required by 52 O.S. § 570.10(B)(3)(c) to its owners.

27. Accordingly, proceeds greater than \$25 that were held by Defendant beyond the timelines set out in 52 O.S. 570.10(D)(1)–(2) are late and must be remitted with interest.

28. For example, in November of 2020, Defendant remitted untimely proceeds to Gilbert Blevins, Jr. for oil and gas produced in Carter County, Oklahoma, and Defendant failed to pay Gilbert Blevins, Jr. interest under the PRSA.

29. Further, Defendant paid Krista Kim Hunter Glenn beyond the timelines of the PRSA for proceeds attributable to the Seaport 1-14-23XHW, Ringer Ranch 1-20-17XHM, and Park Place 1-21-16MXH wells in which she owns royalty interests.

30. Though Defendant remitted proceeds for Plaintiffs' benefit beyond the timeline permitted under the PRSA, Defendant hasn't paid the statutory interest owed to Plaintiffs on these late payments.

CLASS ACTION ALLEGATIONS

31. The preceding allegations are fully incorporated by reference.

32. Plaintiffs bring this action on behalf of themselves and as a class action pursuant to Rule 23(a) and (b)(3) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure on behalf of the following class (the "Class"):

All non-excluded persons or entities who: (1) received late payments under the PRSA from Continental (or Continental's designee) for oil-and-gas proceeds from Oklahoma wells, or whose proceeds were sent as unclaimed property to a government entity by Continental; and (2) whose proceeds did not include the statutory interest required by the PRSA.

Excluded from the Class are: (1) Continental, its affiliates, predecessors, and employees, officers, and directors; and (2) agencies, departments, or instrumentalities of the United States of America or the State of Oklahoma.

33. Upon information and belief, absent Class members entitled to interest owing on Defendant's late payments number in the thousands. For example, Continental operates

over 1,000 wells in Oklahoma. Thus, the Class is so numerous that joinder of all members is impracticable.

34. The questions of fact and law common to the Class include:

- a. Whether Plaintiffs and the Class own legal interests in the Oklahoma properties upon which Defendant has an obligation to pay oil-and-gas proceeds;
- b. Whether, under Oklahoma law, Defendant owed interest to Plaintiffs and the Class on any late payments under the PRSA;
- c. Whether Defendant's failure to pay interest to Plaintiffs and the Class on any late payments constitutes a violation of the PRSA;
- d. Whether Defendant is obligated to pay interest on future late payments under the PRSA.

35. Plaintiffs' claims are typical of the Class because each Class member's claims are identical.

36. Defendant treated Plaintiffs and the Class in the same way by failing to pay the required interest on late payments under the PRSA.

37. Plaintiffs will fairly and adequately protect the interests of the Class. Plaintiffs' interests do not conflict with the interests of the Class. Plaintiffs are represented by counsel who are skilled and experienced in oil-and-gas matters, accounting, and complex civil litigation, including oil-and-gas royalty class actions.

38. The averments of fact and questions of law in this Class Action Complaint are common to the members of the Class and predominate over any questions affecting only individual members.

39. A class action is superior to other available methods for the fair and efficient adjudication of this controversy for the following reasons:

- a. The questions of law and fact are so numerous across the Class that there is no reason why individual members of the Class would want to control the prosecution of their own claims at their own expense;
- b. To Plaintiffs' knowledge, there is no pending litigation by any individual Class member, with the same scope of Class membership sought in this Class Action Complaint against Defendant relating to its failure to pay interest owing on the late payment of oil-and-gas proceeds as required by law;
- c. All parties and the judiciary have a strong interest in resolving these matters in one forum without the need for multiple actions;
- d. The difficulties in managing this case as a class action will be slight in relation to the personal benefits to be achieved on behalf of each and every Class member—not only those who can afford to bring their own actions; and
- e. Absent a class action, Plaintiffs and the Class members may never fully discover the wrongful acts of Defendant, the extent of their respective financial losses, or the financial benefit they are unwittingly providing to Defendant.

CAUSE OF ACTION

Breach of Statutory Obligation to Pay Interest

- 40. The preceding allegations are incorporated by reference.
- 41. Plaintiffs bring this cause of action on behalf of themselves and the Class.
- 42. Plaintiffs and the Class were legally entitled to the payments of oil-and-gas proceeds from Defendant.
- 43. Section 570.10 of the PRSA requires Defendant to pay oil-and-gas proceeds according to the applicable statutory time periods.
- 44. The PRSA further requires Defendant to automatically pay interest when it makes payments outside of the applicable statutory time periods.
- 45. Defendant failed to timely pay oil-and-gas proceeds it owed to Plaintiffs and the Class.

46. In violation of the PRSA, when Defendant ultimately made its late payments to Plaintiffs and the Class, Defendant did not pay the interest required by the PRSA.

47. Defendant's failure to pay interest under the PRSA was knowing and intentional. Defendant is aware of its statutory obligations to automatically pay interest on late payments, but instead, upon information and belief, only pays interest when owners demand it.

48. Defendant's failure to pay interest it owes under the PRSA has caused Plaintiffs and the Class to suffer harm.

DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL

Under Fed. R. Civ. P. 38, Plaintiffs demand a jury trial for all issues so triable.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

Wherefore, premises considered, Plaintiffs seek:

1. An order certifying and allowing this case to proceed as a class action with Plaintiffs as class representatives and the undersigned counsel as class counsel;
2. An order requiring Defendant to pay Plaintiffs and the Class members actual damages to fully compensate them for losses sustained as a direct, proximate, and producing cause of Defendant's breaches and unlawful conduct, including, without limitation, the compounded interest on late payments as required by law;
3. An order requiring Defendant to pay interest in the future, as required by law, to Plaintiffs and the Class;
4. An order awarding punitive damages as determined by the jury, which is demanded herein, and in accordance with Oklahoma law on each of Defendant's wrongful acts, as alleged in this Class Action Complaint;
5. An order requiring Defendant to pay the Class's attorney fees and litigation costs as provided by statute; and
6. Such costs and other relief as this Court deems appropriate.

Respectfully Submitted,

/s/ Ryan K. Wilson

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COUNSEL FOR PLAINTIFFS

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that on August 1, 2024, I electronically filed the foregoing with the Clerk of the Court by using the CM/ECF system, which will send a notice of electronic filing to parties and attorneys who are filing users.

/s/ Ryan K. Wilson

Ryan K. Wilson